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**Flood or Plateau Basalt**

**Characteristics: Very liquid lava, flows very widespread, emitted from fractures.**

**Examples: Columbia River Plateau**

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**Shield Volcano**

**Characteristics: Liquid lava emitted from a central vent; large, sometimes has a collapsed caldera.**

**Examples: Larch Mountain, Mount Sylvania, Hawaiian volcanoes.**

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**Cinder Cone**

**Characteristics: Explosive liquid lava from a central vent. Alternating layers of cinders and lava. If eruption continues long enough, may build up a shield volcano.**

**Examples: Mount Tabor, Mount Zion, Chamberlain Hill**

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**Composite or Stratovolcano**

**Characteristics: More viscous lavas, large pyroclastic debris, emitted from a central vent.**

**Examples: Mount Baker, Mount Rainier, Mount St. Helens, Mount Hood, Mount Shasta.**

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**Volcanic Dome:**

**Characteristics: Very viscous lava, relatively small in size, can be explosive. Commonly occurs adjacent to craters of composite volcanoes.**

**Examples: Novarupta, Mount St. Helens Lava Dome, Mount Lassen, Shastina, Mono Craters.**

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**Caldera:**

**Characteristics: Very large composite volcano collapsed after an explosive period.**

**Examples: Crater Lake, Newberry, Kilauea, Long Valley, Medicine Lack, Yellowstone.**